

**GARISSA UNIVERSITY**

**UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS**

**2020/2021 ACADEMIC YEAR**

**FOURTH YEAR SECOND SEMESTER EXAMINATION FOR BACHELOR OF EDUCATION (ARTS)**

**SCHOOL OF ARTS AND SOCIAL SCIENCES**

**COURSE CODE: HIS 420**

**COURSE TITLE: HISTORY OF KENYA’S ECONOMY SINCE 1963**

**EXAMINATION DURATION: 2 HOURS**

**MODE OF STUDY: SCHOOL-BASED**

**DATE: TIME:**

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

1. **This examination has FIVE (5) questions.**
2. **Question ONE (1) is COMPULSORY.**
3. **Answer any TWO (2) other questions from the remaining FOUR (4).**
4. **Use diagrams to illustrate your answers whenever necessary.**
5. **Do not carry mobile phones or any other written materials into the examination room.**
6. **Do not write on this paper.**

**This paper consists of Three (3) printed pages Please turn over**

QUESTION ONE

a) Define the following terms; -

i. Modes of production (2 marks)

ii. Labour systems (2 marks)

iii. Internal and external trade (4 marks)

iv. Liberalisation (2 marks)

v. Globalisation (2 marks)

b) Describe THREE major signifiers Kenya’s economic legacy. (6 marks)

c) List and explain SIX major economic problems that Kenya faced on the eve of her independence. (6 marks)

d) Briefly discuss at least THREE settlement schemes that were established in the former

European farms by the government after independence. (6 marks)

**QUESTION TWO**

Examine Kenya’s post-colonial political economy of modernization in light with industrialization aspirations of the newly independent African states. (20 marks)

**QUESTION THREE**

The post-independence economic policy framework of was geared towards development. Discuss the following under the development plans and sessional papers; -

i. SIX economic challenges that Kenya faced as a newly independent African state in sessional paper number 10 of 1965. (6 marks)

ii. FOUR benefits of land reforms in Kenya. (4 marks)

iii. FIVE principles that govern utilisation of land in Kenya. (5 marks)

iv. FIVE ways in which the government of Kenya has solved land related problems since independence. (5 marks)

**QUESTION FOUR**

Assess Kenya’s individual post-colonial sectoral performance by looking at the challenges and measures taken to promote them since independence; -

i. Agriculture. (10 marks)

ii. Industry. (10 marks)

**QUESTION FIVE**

Evaluate Kenya’s post independent balance of payments (BOP) performance and the impact it has had on Kenya’s economy. (20 marks)